OFFICIAL & GAZETTE

GOVERNMENT OF GOA

GOVERNMENT OF GOA

Department of Personnel

Notification

1-4-88-PER

In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution, and in supersession of the existing recruitment rules for the posts, the Governor of Goa hereby makes the following rules relating to recruitment to the Group 'C' Non-Ministerial, Non-Gazetted posts in the Directorate of Fisheries, Government of Goa, namely:—

- 1. Short title, application and commencement.—
 (1) These rules may be called the Government of Goa, Directorate of Fisheries, Group 'C', Non-Ministerial, Non-Gazetted posts, Recruitment Rules, 1990.
- (2) Application. These rules shall apply to the posts specified in Column 1 of the Schedule to these rules (hereinafter called as the "said Schedule").
- (3) They shall come into force from the date of publication in the Official Gazette.
- 2. Number, classification and scales of pay.—
 The number of posts, classification of the said posts and the scales of pay attached thereto shall be as specified in Columns 2 to 4 of the said Schedule:

Provided that the Government may vary the number of posts in Column 2 of the said Schedule from time to time subject to exigencies of work.

3. Method of recruitment, age limit and other qualifications. — The method of recruitment to the

said posts, age limit, qualifications and other matters connected therewith shall be as specified in Columns 5 to 13 of the said Schedule.

4. Disqualification. — No person who has entered into or contracted a marriage with a person having a spouse living or who, having a spouse living, has entered into or contracted a marriage with any person, shall be eligible for appointment to the service:

Provided that the Government may if satisfied that such marriage is permissible under the personal Law applicable to such person and the other party to the marriage and that there are other grounds for so doing, exempt any person from the operation of this rule.

- 5. Power to relax. Where the Government is of the opinion that it is necessary or expedient so to do, it may, by order, for reasons to be recorded in writing, relax any of the provisions of these rules with respect to any class or category of persons.
- 6. Saving. Nothing in these rules shall affect reservation, relaxation of age limit and other concessions required to be provided for Scheduled Castes, and other special categories of persons in accordance with the orders issued by the Government from time to time in that regard.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

Smt. Prabha Chandran, Under Secretary (Personnel).

Panaji, 18th April, 1990.

Name/designa. tion of post	No. of posts	Classification	Scale of pay	Whethe selection post or non- selection post	n Age limit for direct	Whether the benefit of added years of service is admissible under Rule 30 of CCS (Pension) hutes 1972	Educational and other qualifications required for direct recruits,	Whether age & Educational Qualifica- tions prescribed for the direct recruits will apply in the case of promotees	Period of pro- bation if any	Method of recruitment whether by direct recruitment or by promotion or by deputation/transier/contract and percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods	In case of re- cruitment by promotion/de- putation/ /transfer, grades from which promo- tion/deputa- tion/transfer is to be made	If a D. P. C exists, what is its com- position Circumstances in which Gos Public Service Commission is to be consulted in making recruitment
1	2	3	4	5	6	6(a)	7	8	9	10	11	19 18
Techni- cian	4 (1990) Subject to variation dependent on	Group 'C' (NonMinis-terial NonGazet-	Rs. 1640- -60- -2600- -EB-75- -2900.	N. A.	Not exceeding 35 years (Relaxable for Government servants as per the ins-	N. A.	Essential: i) M.Sc. degree or equivalent Post Graduat Diploma in Fisher Science / Mariculture /Marine Science.	e y	Two years	Direct Recruit- ment.	N. A.	Group 'C' N. A. D. P. C. (for considering confirmation).
	work- load.	ted).			tructions or order issued by the Go- vernment).		ii) 1 year experience in Brackish water Aqua culture/Prawn Hat chery.	•				
							i) B.Sc. degree in Fish	•				
							ery/Marine Science. ii) 2 years experience ir Brackish water Aqua- culture/Prawn Hat- chery.					
			•				Desirable:					
							Knowledge of Konkani and/or Marathi.					
Mechanic -cum- -Opera- tor	(1990) Subject to vari- ation depen- dent on work- load.	Group 'C' (Non Minis- terial Non Gazet- ted).	Rs. 1200- -30- -1560- -EB-40- -2040.		Not exceeding 35 years (Re- laxable for Government	ding 35 rs (Re- the for ernment vants as the ins- tions or er issued	Essential:' 1) S.S.C. with Certificate from the Government I.T.I. in Mechanical Trade.		Two years	Direct Recruit- ment.	N. A.	Group 'C' N. A. D. P. C. (for considering confirmation).
					per the instructions or order issued by the Go-		2) 1 year practical experience in the Mechanical Trade.					
					vernment),		Desirable: Knowledge of Konkani and/or Marathi.					

Law (Legal and Legislative Affairs) Department

Notification

10-3-88/LA

The Railway Claims Tribunal Act, 1987 (Act No. 54 of 1987) which was passed by Parliament and assented to by the President of India on 23rd December, 1987 and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 1, dated 28th December, 1987 is hereby republished for general information of the public.

P. V. Kadnekar, Under Secretary (Drafting).

Panaji, 23rd March, 1988.

THE RAILWAY CLAIMS TRIBUNAL ACT, 1987

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

CHAPTER I

Preliminary

Sections

- Short title, extent and commencement.
- 2 Definitions.

CHAPTER II

Establishment of Railway Claims Tribunal and Benches thereof

- Establishment of Railway Claims Tribunal.
- Composition of Claims Tribunal and Benches thereof.
- Qualifications for appointment as Chairman, Vice--Chairman or other Member. Vice-Chairman to act as Chairman or to discharge
- 6. his functions in certain circumstances.
- Term of office.
- Resignation and removal.
- Salaries and allowances and other terms and conditions of service of Chairman, Vice-Chairman and other Members.
- Provision as to the holding of offices by Chairman, 10. Vice-Chairman, etc., on ceasing to be such Chairman or Vice-Chairman, etc.
- Financial and administrative powers of Chairman. Staff of Claims Tribunal.

CHAPTER III

Jurisdiction, powers and authority of Claims Tribunal

- 13. Jurisdiction. powers and authority of Claims Tribunal.
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- Amendment of section 3.
- Amendment of section 78A. Substitution of new section for section 80. Omission of sections 82B, 82D and 82F. 33
- 34.
- Amendment of section 820
- Amendment of sections 82E, 82G and 82HH.
- Amendment of section 82 I
- Amendment of section 82 J.

The Railway Claims Tribunal Act, 1987

ACT

to provide for the establishment of a Railway Claims Tribunal for inquiring into and determining claims against a railway administration for loss, destruction, damage, deterioration or non-delivery of animals or goods entrusted to it to be carried by railway or for the refund of fares or freight or for compensation for death or injury to passengers occurring as a result of railway accidents and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Thirty-eight Year of the Republic of India as follows: -

CHAPTER I

Preliminary

- 1. Short title, extent and commencement. (1) This Act may be called the Railway Claims Tribunal Act, 1987.
 - (2) It extends to the whole of India.
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification, appoint.
- 2. Definitions. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, -
 - (a) "application" means an application made under section 16;
 - (b) "appointed day" means the date with effect from which the Claims Tribunal is established under section 3;
 - (c) "Bench" means a Bench of the Claims Tribunal;
 - (d) "Chairman" means the Chairman of the Tribunal;
 - (e) "Claims Tribunal" means the Railway Claims Tribunal established under section 3;
 - (f) "Judicial Member" means a Member of the Claims Tribunal appointed as such under this Act, and includes the Chairman or Vice-Chairman who possesses any of the qualifications specified in sub-section (3) of section 5;
 - (g) "Member" means a Member (whether Judicial or Technical) of the Claims Tribunal, and includes the Chairman and Vice-Chairman;
 - (h) "notification" means a notification published in the Official Gazette;
 - (i) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules;
 - (i) "Railways Act" means the Indian 9 of 1890 Railways Act, 1890;
 - (k) "rules" means rules made under this Act;

- (1) "Technical Member" means a Member of the Claims Tribunal who is not a Judicial Member, and includes the Chairman or a Vice-Chairman who possesses any of the qualifications specified in sub-section (4) of section 5;
- (m) "Vice-Chairman" means a Vice-Chairman of the Claims Tribunal.

Explanation.— References to the Vice-Chairman in this Act shall be construed as references to each of the Vice-Chairmen;

(n) words and expressions used and not defined in this Act but defined in the Railways Act or the rules made thereunder shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in that Act or the said rules.

CHAPTER II

Establishment of Railway Claims Tribunal and Benches thereof

- 3. Establishment of Railway Claims Tribunal.— The Central Government shall, by notification, establish a Claims Tribunal, to be known as the Railway Claims Tribunal, to exercise the jurisdiction, powers and authority conferred on it by or under this Act.
- 4. Composition of Claims Tribunal and Benches thereof.— (1) The Claims Tribunal shall consist of a Chairman, four Vice-Chairmen and such number of Judicial Members and Technical Members as the Central Government may deem fit and, subject to the other provisions of this Act, the jurisdiction, powers and authority of the Claims Tribunal may be exercised by Benches thereof.
- (2) Subject to the other provisions of this Act, a Bench shall consist of one Judicial Member and one Technical Member.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection (1), the Chairman—
 - (a) may, in addition to discharging the functions of the Judicial Member or the Technical Member of the Bench to which he is appointed, discharge the functions of the Judicial Member or, as the case may be, the Technical Member, of any other Bench;
 - (b) may transfer a Vice-Chairman or other Member from one Bench to another Bench;
 - (c) may authorise the Vice-Chairman or the Judicial Member or the Technical Member appointed to one Bench to discharge also the functions of the Vice-Chairman or, as the case may be, the Judicial Member or the Technical Member of another Bench.
- (4) Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing provisions of this section, it shall be competent for the Chairman or any other Member authorised by the Chairman in this behalf to function as a Bench consisting of a single Member and exercise the jurisdiction, powers and authority of the Claims Tribunal in respect of such classes of cases or such matters pertaining to such classes of cases as the Chairman may, by general or special order, specify:

Provided that if at any stage of the hearing of any such case or matter, it appears to the Chairman or such Member that the case or matter is of such a nature that it ought to be heard by a Bench

- consisting of two Members, the case or matter may be transferred by the Chairman or, as the case may be, referred to him for transfer, to such Bench as the Chairman may deem fit.
- (5) Subject to the other provisions of this Act, the Benches shall sit at such places as the Central Government may, by notification, specify.
- 5. Qualifications for appointment as Chairman, Vice-Chairman or other Member. (1) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as the Chairman unless he
 - (a) is, or has been, a Judge of a High Court; or
 - (b) has, for at least two years, held the office of a Vice-Chairman.
- (2) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as the Vice-Chairman unless he—
 - (a) is, or has been, or is qualified to be, a Judge of a High Court; or
 - (b) has been a member of the Indian Legal Service and has held a post in Grade I of that Service or any higher post for at least five years; or
 - (c) has, for at least five years, held a civil judicial post carrying a scale of pay which is not less than that of a Joint Secretary to the Government of India; or
 - (d) has, for at least five years, held a post under a railway administration carrying a scale of pay which is not less than that of a Joint Secretary to the Government of India and has adequate knowledge of rules and procedure of, and experience in, claims and commercial matters relating to railways; or
 - (e) has, for a period of not less than three years, held office as a Judicial Member or a Technical Member.
- (3) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as a Judicial Member unless he
 - (a) is, or has been, or is qualified to be, a Judge of a High Court; or
 - (b) has been a Member of the Indian Legal Service and has held a post in Grade I of that Service for at least three years; or
 - (c) has, for at least three years, held a civil judicial post carrying a scale of pay which is not less than that of a Joint Secretary to the Government of India.
- (4) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as a Technical Member unless he has, for at least three years, held a post under a railway administration carrying a scale of pay which is not less than that of a Joint Secretary to the Government of India and has adequate knowledge of rules and procedure of, and experience in, claims and commercial matters relating to railways.
- (5) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (6), the Chairman, Vice-Chairman and every other Member shall be appointed by the President.
- (6) No appointment of a person as the Chairman shall be made except after consultation with the Chief Justice of India.

- 6. Vice-Chairman to act as Chairman or to discharge his functions in certain circumstances. (1) In the event of the occurrence of any vacancy in the office of the Chairman by reason of his death, resignation or otherwise, such one of the Vice-Chairmen as the Central Government may, by notification, authorise in this behalf, shall act as the Chairman until the date on which a new Chairman, appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Act to fill such vacancy, enters upon his office.
- (2) When the Chairman is unable to discharge his functions cwing to absence, illness or any other cause, such one of the Vice-Chairmen as the Central Government may, by notification, authorise in this behalf, shall discharge the functions of the Chairman until the date on which the Chairman resumes his duties.
- 7. Term of office. The Chairman, Vice-Chairman or other Member shall hold office as such for a term of five years from the date on which he enters upon his office or until he attains,
 - (a) in the case of the Chairman, the age of sixty-five years; and
- (b) in the case of the Vice-Chairman or any other Member, the age of sixty-two years, which is earlier.
- 8. Resignation and removal.—(1) The Chairman, Vice-Chairman or other Member may, by notice in writing under his hand addressed to the President, resign his office:

Provided that the Chairman, Vice-Chairman or other Member shall, unless he is permitted by the President to relinquish his office sooner, continue to hold office until the expiry of three months from the date of receipt of such notice or until a person duly appointed as his successor enters upon his office or until the expiry of his term of office, whichever is the earliest.

- (2) The Chairman, Vice-Chairman or any other Member shall not be removed from his office except by an order made by the President on the ground of proved misbehaviour or incapacity after an inquiry made by a Judge of the Supreme Court in which such Chairman, Vice-Chairman or other Member had been informed of the charges against him and given a reasonable opportunity of being heard in respect of those charges.
- (3) The Central Government may, by rules, regulate the procedure for the investigation of misbehaviour or incapacity of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman or other Member referred to in subsection (2)
- 9. Salaries and allowances and other terms and conditions of service of Chairman, Vice-Chairman and other Members.— The salaries and allowances payable to, and the other terms and conditions of service (including pension, gratuity and other retirement benefits) of, the Chairman, Vice-Chairman and other Members shall be as may be prescribed:

Provided that neither the salary and allowances nor the other terms and conditions of service of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman or other Member shall be varied to his disadvantage after his appointment.

- 10. Provision as to the holding of offices by Chairman, Vice-Chairman, etc., on ceasing to be such Chairman or Vice-Chairman, etc., On ceasing to hold office
 - (a) the Chairman of the Claims Tribunal shall be ineligible for further employment either under the Government of India or under the Government of a State:
 - (b) a Vice-Chairman shall, subject to the other provision of this Act, be eligible for appointment as the Chairman of the Claims Tribunal, or as the chairman, vice-chairman or member of any other Tribunal established under any law for the time being in force, but not for any other employment either under the Government of India or under the Government of a State;
 - (c) a Member (other than the Chairman or Vice-Chairman) shall, subject to the other provisions of this Act, be eligible for appointment as the Chairman or Vice-Chairman or as the chairman, vice-chairman or member of any other Tribunal established under any law for the time being in force, but not for any other employment either under the Government of India or under the Government of a State;
 - (d) the Chairman, Vice-Chairman or other Member shall not appear, act or plead before the Claims Tribunal.

Explanation. — For the purposes of this section, employment under the Government of India or under the Government of a State includes employment under any local or other authority within the territory of India or under the control of the Government of India or under any corporation or society owned or controlled by the Government.

11. Financial and administrative powers of Chairman.—The Chairman shall exercise such financial and administrative powers over the Benches as may be vested in him under the rules:

Provided that the Chairman shall have authority to delegate such of his financial and administrative powers as he may think fit to the Vice-Chairman or any other officer of the Claims Tribunal, subject to the condition that the Vice-Chairman or such officer shall, while exercising such delegated powers, continue to act under the direction, control and supervision of the Chairman.

- 12. Staff of Claims Tribunal.— (1) The Central Government shall determine the nature and categories of the officers and other employees required to assist the Claims Tribunal in the discharge of its functions and provide the Claims Tribunal with such officers and other employees as it may think fit.
- (2) The officers and other employees of the Claims Tribunal shall discharge their functions under the general superintendence of the Chairman.
- (3) The salaries and allowances and conditions of service of the officers and other employees of the Claims Tribunal shall be such as may be prescribed.

CHAPTER III

Jurisdiction, Powers and Authority of Claims Tribunal

13. Jurisdiction, powers and authority of Claims Tribunal.— (1) The Claims Tribunal shall exercise, on and from the appointed day, all such jurisdiction, powers and authority as were exercis-

able immediately before that day by any civil court or a Claims Commissioner appointed under the provisions of the Railways Act,—

- (a) relating to the responsibility of the railway administrations as carriers under Chapter VII of the Railways Act in respect of claims for
 - (i) compensation for loss, destruction, damage, deterioration or non-delivery of animals or goods entrusted to a railway administration for carriage by railway;
 - (ii) compensation payable under section 82A of the Railways Act or the rules made thereunder: and
- (b) in respect of the claims for refund of fares or part thereof or for refund of any freight paid in respect of animals or goods entrusted to a railway administration to be carried by railway.
- (2) The provisions of the Railways Act and the rules made thereunder shall, so far as may be, be applicable to the inquiring into or determining, any claims by the Claims Tribunal under this Act.
- 14. Distribution of business amongst Benches.—
 (1) Where any Benches are constituted, the Central Government may, from time to time, by notification, make provisions as to the distribution of the business of the Claims Tribunal amongst the Benches and specify the matters which may be dealt with by each Bench.
- (2) If any question arises as to whether any matter falls within the purview of the business allocated to a Bench, the decision of the Chairman shall be final.

Explanation. — For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that the expression "matters" includes an application under section 20.

15. Bar of jurisdiction.—On and from the appointed day, no court or other authority shall have, or be entitled to, exercise any jurisdiction, powers or authority in relation to the matters referred to in sub-section (1) of section 13.

CHAPTER IV

Procedure

- 16. Application to Claims Tribunal.—(1) A person seeking any relief in respect of the matters referred to in sub-section (1) of section 13 may make an application to the Claims Tribunal.
- (2) Every application under sub-section (1) shall be in such form and be accompanied by such documents or other evidence and by such fee in respect of the filing of such application and by such other fees for the service or execution of processes as may be prescribed:

Provided that no such fee shall be payable in respect of an application under sub-clause (ii) of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 13.

- 17. Lim. on. (1) The Claims Tribunal shall not admit an application for any claim
 - (a) under sub-clause (i) of clause (a) of subsection (1) of section 13 unless the application is made within three years from the date on which the goods in question were entrusted to the railway administration for carriage by railway;

- (b) under sub-clause (ii) of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 13 unless the application is made within one year of occurrence of the accident;
- (c) under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 13 unless the application is made within three years from the date on which the fare or freight is paid to the railway administration:

Provided that no application for any claim referred to in sub-clause (i) of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 13 shall be preferred to the Claims Tribunal until the expiration of three months next after the date on which the intimation of the claim has been preferred under section 78B of the Railways Act.

- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection (1), an application may be entertained after the period specified in sub-section (1) if the applicant satisfies the Claims Tribunal that he had sufficient cause for not making the application within such period.
- 18. Procedure and powers of Claims Tribunal.— (1) The Claims Tribunal shall not be bound by the procedure laid down by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, but shall be guided by the principles of natural justice and, subject to the other provisions of this Act and of any rules, the Claims Tribunal shall have powers to regulate its own procedure including the fixing of places and times of its enquiry.

(2) The Claims Tribunal shall decide every application as expeditiously as possible and ordinarily every application shall be decided on a perusal of documents, written representations and affidavits and after hearing such oral arguments as may be advanced.

(3) The Claims Tribunal shall have, for the purposes of discharging its functions under this Act, the same powers as are vested in a civil court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, while trying a suit, in respect of the following matters, namely:—

5 of **1908**.

5 of 1908.

- (a) summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;
- (b) requiring the discovery and production of documents:
 - (c) receiving evidence on affidavits;
- (d) subject to the provisions of sections 123 and 124 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, requisitioning any public record or document or copy of such record or document from any office;

1 of 1872.

- `(e) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses or documents;
 - (f) reviewing its decisions:
- (g) dismissing an application for default or deciding it ex parte;
- (h) setting aside any order of dismissal of any application for default or any order passed by it ex parte.
 - (i) any other matter which may be prescribed.

- 19. Right to legal representation and presenting officers.— (1) A person making an application to the Claims Tribunal may either appear in person or take the assistance of a legal practitioner of his choice to present his case before the Claims Tribunal.
- (2) A railway administration may authorise one or more legal practitioners or any of its officers to act as presenting officers and every person so authorised by it may present its case with respect to any application before the Claims Tribunal.
- 20. Power of Chairman to transfer cases from one Bench to another. On the application of any of the parties and after notice to the parties, and after hearing such of them as he may desire to be heard, or on his own motion without such notice, the Chairman may transfer any case pending before one Bench, for disposal, to any other Bench.
- 21. Decision to be by majority.— If the Members of a Bench differ in opinion on any point, they shall state the point or points on which they differ, and make a reference to the Chairman who shall either hear the point or points himself or refer the case for hearing on such point or points by one or more of the other Members and such point or points shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority of the Members who have heard the case, including those who first heard it.
- 22. Execution of orders of Claims Tribunal. (1) An order made by the Claims Tribunal under this Act shall be executable by the Claims Tribunal as a decree of civil court and, for this purpose, the Claims Tribunal shall have all the powers of a civil court.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection (1), the Claims Tribunal may transmit any order made by it to a civil court having local jurisdiction and such civil court shall execute the order as if it were a decree made by that court.

CHAPTER V

Appeals

5 of 1908.

- 23. Appeals.— (1) Save as provided in sub-section (2) and notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 or in any other law, an appeal shall lie from every order, not being an interlocutory order, of the Claims Tribunal, to the High Court having jurisdiction over the place where the Bench is located.
- (2) No appeal shall lie from an order passed by the Claims Tribunal with the consent of the parties.
- (3) Every appeal under this section shall be preferred within a period of ninety days from the date of the order appealed against.

CHAPTER VI

Miscellaneous

24. Transfer of pending cases. — (1) Every suit, claim or other legal proceeding (other than an appeal) pending before any court, Claims Commissioner or other authority immediately before the appointed day, being a suit, claim or proceeding the cause of action whereon it is based is such that it

- would have been, if it had arisen after the appointed day, within the jurisdiction of the Claims Tribunal, shall stand transferred on that day to the Claims Tribunal.
- (2) Where any suit, claim or other legal proceeding stands transferred from any court, Claims Commissioner or other authority to the Claims Tribunal under sub-section (1),—
 - (a) the court, Claims Commissioner or other authority shall, as soon as may be after such transfer, forward the records of such suit, claim or other legal proceeding to the Claims Tribunal;
 - (b) the Claims Tribunal may, on receipt of such records, proceed to deal with such suit, claim or other legal proceeding, so far as may be, in the same manner as an application, from the stage which was reached before such transfer or from any earlier stage or de novo as the Claims Tribunal may deem fit.
- 25. Proceedings before Claims Tribunal to be judicial proceedings. All proceedings before the Claims Tribunal shall be deemed to be judicial proceedings within the meaning of sections 193, 219 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code.

45 of 1860.

26. Members and staff of Claims Tribunal to be public servants.— The Chairman, Vice-Chairman and other Members and the officers and other employees of the Claims Tribunal shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code.

45 of 1860.

- 27. Protection of action taken in good faith.—
 No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall lie against the Central Government or against the Chairman, Vice-Chairman or other Member, or any other person authorised by the Chairman, Vice-Chairman or other Member for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Act or any rule or order made thereunder.
- 28. Act to have overriding effect. The provisions of this Act shall have effect notwithstanding anything inconsistent therewith contained in any other law for the time being in force or in any instrument having effect by virtue of any law other than this Act.
- 29. Power to remove difficulties.— (1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Central Government may, by order published in the Official Gazette, make such provisions, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, as appear to it to be necessary or expedient for removing the difficulty:

Provided that no such order shall be made after the expiry of a period of three years from the appointed day.

- (2) Every order made under this section shall, as soon as may be after it is made, be laid before each House of Parliament.
- 30. Power to make rules. (1) The Central Government may, by notification, make rules to carry out the provisions of this Act.

- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—
 - (a) the procedure under sub-section (3) of section 8 for the investigation of misbehaviour or incapacity of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman or other Member;
 - (b) salaries and allowances payable to, and the other terms and conditions of service (including pension, gratuity and other retirement benefits) of, the Chairman, Vice-Chairman and other Members under section 9;
 - (c) the financial and administrative powers which the Chairman may exercise over the Benches under section 11;
 - (d) the salaries and allowances and conditions of service of officers and other employees of the Claims Tribunal under sub-section (3) of section 12:
 - (e) the form of application, the documents and other evidence to be accompanied with such application and fee in respect of filing of such application and fee for the service or execution of processes under sub-section (2) of section 16;
 - (f) the rules subject to which the Claims Tribunal shall have power to regulate its own procedure under sub-section (1) of section 18 and the additional matters in which the Claims Tribunal may exercise powers of civil court under clause (i) of sub-section (3) of that section;
 - (g) any other matter which is required to be, or may be, prescribed.
 - (3) Every rule made under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

CHAPTER VII

Amendments to the Railways Act

- 31. Amendment of section 3. In section 3 of the Railways Act, after clause (18), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:
 - '(19) "Claims Tribunal" means the Railway Claims Tribunal established under section 3 of the Railway Claims Tribunal Act, 1987.'.

- 32. Amendment of section 78A.—In section 78A of the Railways Act, for the word "suit", the words "application before the Claims Tribunal" shall be substituted.
- 33. Substitution of new section for section 80.— For section 80 of the Railways Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "80. Application for compensation.— An application to the Claims Tribunal for compensation for loss of the life of, or personal injury to, a passenger or for loss, destruction, damage, deterioration or non-delivery of animals or goods may be made,—
 - (a) if the passenger was, or the animals or goods were, booked from one station to another on the railway of the same railway administration, against that railway administration;
 - (b) if the passenger was, or the animals or goods were, booked through over the railway of two or more railway administrations, against the railway administration from which the passenger obtained his pass or purchased his ticket or to which the animals or goods were delivered for carriage as the case may be, or against the railway administration on whose railway the destination station lies, or the loss, injury, destruction, damage or deterioration occurred."
- 34. Omission of sections 82B, 82D and 82F.—Sections 82B, 82D and 82F of the Railways Act shall be omitted.
- 35. Amendment of section 82C. In section 82C of the Railways Act,
 - (a) in sub-section (1), for the words "Claims Commissioner", the words "Claims Tribunal" shall be substituted;
 - (b) sub-section (2) and the Explanation thereto shall be omitted.
- 36. Amendment of sections 82E, 82G and 82HH. In sections 82E, 82G and 82HH of the Railways Act, for the words "Claims Commissioner", wherever they occur, the words "Claims Tribunal" shall be substituted.
- 37. Amendment of section 82 I.—In section 82 I of the Railways Act, for the words, figures and letters "sections 82A to 82HH", the words, figures and letters "sections 82A, 82C, 82E and 82G to 82HH" shall be substituted.
- 38. Amendment of section 82J. In section 82J of the Railways Act,
 - (a) in sub-section (1), for the words, figures and letters "sections 82A to 82H inclusive", the words, figures and letters "sections 82A, 82C, 82E, 82G, and 82H" shall be substituted;
 - (b) in sub-section (2), clause (i) and clauses (iv) to (vi) shall be omitted.